



Narked at 90

+44 (0)1933 426092

WWW.NARKEDAT90.COM



**WE DESIGN, MANUFACTURE AND RETAIL
SCUBA AND REBREATHER DIVE EQUIPMENT**

We have state-of-the-art test equipment and certification labs capable of pressure/leak testing and dive simulations to depths of 400m. We also have a large in-house laser for cutting and engraving on plastics and metals.

CROSSING THE RUBICON

Don Silcock recounts his experiences of his first week getting to grips with his closed-circuit rebreather

Photographs by Don Silcock or as credited

“ There is a tremendous amount to absorb and process, all of which started with the three biggest dangers associated with CCR diving – hyperoxia (too much oxygen), hypoxia (too little oxygen) and hypercarnia (too much carbon dioxide) **”**



Did you know?

Rebreather diving is practiced by recreational, military and scientific divers in applications where it has advantages over open circuit. The main advantages of rebreather diving are extended gas endurance, low noise levels, and lack of bubbles.

Packing for the deep end

I travel frequently for underwater photography, so I'm used to the complex ritual of packing with its gear lists, back-ups, batteries, spares, etc. Dive kit is usually the easy part as it's the camera equipment that's time-consuming and stressful. But packing for your first CCR course? That's next level.

Suddenly, I had a mountain of new equipment - much of which I didn't even recognize yet. Sensors, scrubbers, oxygen cells, loops, counter-lungs, oxygen bottles - the sheer volume of stuff was both exciting and intimidating.

Why the Triton II?

I had decided on the new Triton II manual (mCCR) rebreather, as its chest-mount design and low weight (7kg optimized for travel and possible carry-on) fitted my needs best.

What I hadn't fully realized was that CCR courses are specific to each unit. Because the Triton II was so new, instructors themselves were still being trained. ▶

After decades of diving open circuit and thousands of hours underwater with scuba tanks, I finally decided to cross the line that divides recreational diving from full-on technical diving - rebreathers.

Closed-circuit rebreathers (CCRs) have always kind of intrigued me, with their seductive promise of silent diving, extended bottom times, and no bubbles. But they also come with complexity, risk, and a steep learning curve.

And for years, I viewed CCRs as just too temperamental and dangerous. But eventually, a mixture of curiosity and necessity tipped the scales, and I committed. The price tag was eye-watering, but the time had come.

And so, in early March, I set off to Amed in northeast Bali to begin formal training.

WE OFFER A WIDE VARIETY OF PRODUCTS BOTH ONLINE AND IN STORE

Computers • O2 cells • Gas analysers • Tools
Pathfinder strobes • Sensors • Solenoids
Cables & connectors • Rebreather parts



+44 (0)1933 426092
WWW.NARKEDAT90.COM



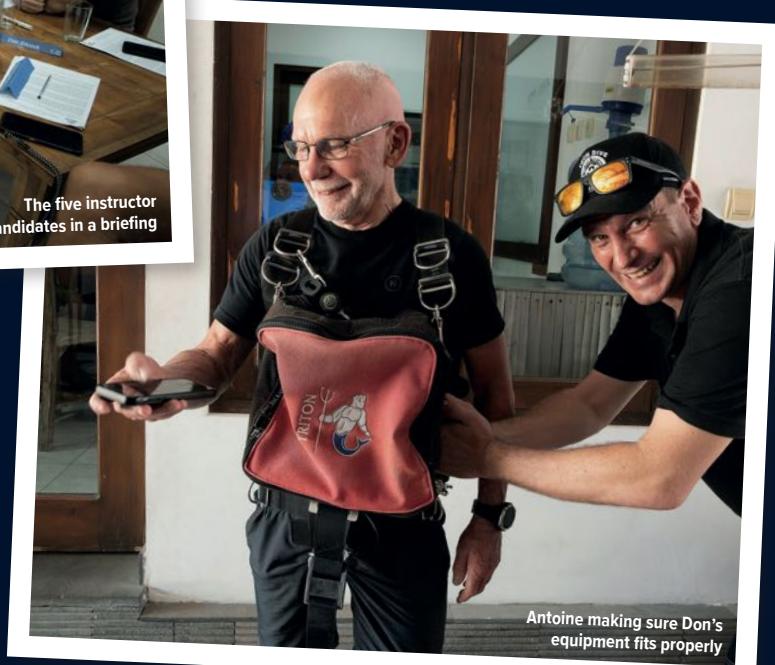
The five instructor candidates in a briefing

In fact, my course doubled as an instructor development session - with two senior Triton instructor-trainers certifying five instructors on the new unit. That was where Mark Kouwenberg (the other student candidate) and I came in - and we were going to get a lot of attention over the next seven days as we went up the Triton II learning curve!

Training with Bali Dive Trek

My instructor was Antoine Martin, who runs Bali Dive Trek in Amed. I had done my TDI Extended Range and CCR familiarization courses with him previously. Antoine is a highly experienced technical diver, and his facility includes a dedicated, air-conditioned rebreather room housing no fewer than seven different CCR units - all of which he regularly dives.

By the time I arrived, the full training team had assembled from various parts of the world. Introductions were fascinating - and a little humbling. These were highly experienced people with deep technical credentials and serious dive achievements. I felt like the rookie in the room, because I was...



Antoine making sure Don's equipment fits properly

The theory: scary but essential

As with all dive training, theory comes first. And if you thought physics and physiology in recreational diving were tough, CCR theory makes it look like a warm-up lap. There is a tremendous amount to absorb and process, all of which started with the three biggest dangers associated with CCR diving – hyperoxia (too much oxygen), hypoxia (too little oxygen) and hypercarnia (too much carbon dioxide). These aren't minor inconveniences, they are potentially lethal and damn scary as there is no sugar-coating of the dangers.

But as the days went on, I realized that as intimidating as it may seem, the only way to be able to manage those risks is to fully understand them, be able to recognize their onset and to safely deal with them underwater.

The practical: checklists and crisis mode

The first practical skill you must master is assembling and testing your unit. Miss a step here, and you could be in real danger. At first, it felt impossibly complex - hoses, valves, sensors, loop checks! But with repetition and a checklist-based approach, it began to stick. By the end of the course, I could assemble and prep the Triton II in a fraction of the time it took on day one. ▶



Antoine Martin diving the My Triton II Unit
© Adam Leaders

BAUER
KOMPRESSOREN

Quality. Our DNA



PURE AIR DIVE COMPRESSORS

BAUER KOMPRESSOREN Australia Pty Ltd

19 Cavassini Place | Wetherill Park NSW 2164 | Australia

P: +61 2 9756 2700 | E: admin@bauer-kompressoren.com.au



The final day diving
© Alex Fox

“ I can honestly state that my Triton II CCR training was the single biggest physical, mental, emotional and sustained challenge I have ever encountered! ”

From there, we moved into handling emergency scenarios underwater - managing oxygen spikes, scrubber failures, loop floods, and bailout switches. These are not simulations you can afford to gloss over and they must become second nature. The training was relentless. Every error, no matter how small, was spotted and with so many instructors watching, there was nowhere to hide and no room for shortcuts.

Long days, steep curve

Each day stretched to 12 hours or more with lectures, drills, dives, debriefs. It really was full-on. I remember talking with Mark around Day 3 - both of us completely spent and wondering if we'd made a terrible mistake. The cognitive load was enormous. The physical challenge, real. It felt overwhelming. But gradually, something shifted.

By Day 6, muscle memory kicked in. Chaos gave way to confidence. What had felt alien now felt familiar. And by the final day, I no longer saw the Triton II as a fragile, mysterious contraption - it was a reliable tool, one I could trust.

In summary...

I can honestly state that my Triton II CCR training was the single biggest physical, mental, emotional and sustained challenge I have ever encountered!

On the way back down south, my regular driver Putu looked in the mirror at me and said “what’s wrong Pak?”. I said nothing but smiled knowing that as exhausted as I was, the door was now wide open for some incredible underwater adventures! ■

Don Silcock

Don is Scuba Diver's Senior Travel Editor and a SEACAM Ambassador based from Bali in Indonesia. His website has extensive location guides, articles and images on some of the best diving locations in the Indo-Pacific region and 'big animal' experiences globally. www.indopacificimages.com